FOSS: UTAH 6-8 COURSE DESCRIPTIONS





Comprehensive packages for complete learning.

FOSS® is more than just a science curriculum or science kit. Your investment in any FOSS® Next Generation™ module buys you all the student and teacher components to deliver world-class science education. No teachers scrambling or budgets strained to provide what's been left out—all the key components are included, with each element thoughtfully designed to conserve your money, space, and precious time.



"The FOSS program includes most of the supplies teachers need. The hands-on investigations are simple and are designed so every student can grow their skills and gain a true understanding of scientific concepts."

Lynn G., Science Specialist *Utah*

Equipment Kit

Durable equipment and classroom tested materials, selected and designed expressly for FOSS, lead to successful investigations for all students. Kits include permanent equipment for classes of 32 students (8 groups) with enough consumables for five (5) uses at middle school.

Investigations Guide

Core instructional tool supports the teacher with Overview, Frameworks, Materials, Investigations within the unit, and Assessments. Available in print and digital.

FOSS Science Resources

FOSS student reading materials are in-depth articles that connect students' firsthand experiences to informational text, helping expand understanding from the concrete to the abstract. Available in print, eBook, and audiobook.

FOSS Technology

Interactive FOSSweb on ThinkLink™ offers simulations and virtual investigations. Online activities provide differentiating instruction. Student ebooks and streaming video are also included. Comprehensive teacher preparation videos and instructional slides support teachers.

Teacher Resources

Provided in print and available online, resources include grade-level chapters on sense-making and three-dimensional teaching and learning; connections to ELA and Math core standards; taking FOSS outdoors; access and equity in science; science-centered language development; using science notebooks; and notebook, teacher, and assessment masters.

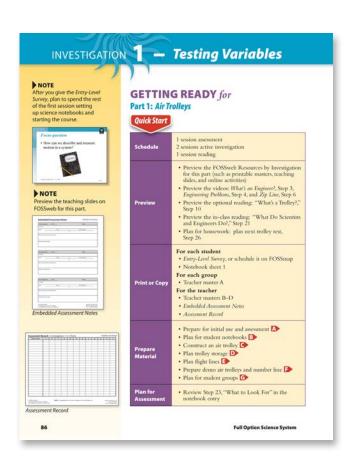
Spanish Resources

Spanish editions of *FOSS Science Resources* are offered both in print and eBook. FOSSweb provides audio files for *FOSS Science Resources*, as well as notebook, assessment, and teacher masters, module vocabulary and definitions, teaching slides, and Focus Questions.

Materials management made easy.

We believe that students learn science best by *doing* science. Your commitment to preparing for FOSS hands-on experiences comes to fruition when you see your students' engagement soar and their understanding grow. We've spent decades working in classrooms to provide comprehensive materials management support for teachers of all levels of experience.

- Investigations Guide with step-by-step instructions to help you through lesson preparation, facilitation, and assessment.
- Teacher preparation videos to provide visuals for important investigation setups.
- Efficient equipment kits, designed for middle schools—outfit your classroom with materials to complete each investigation with five classes of students.
- Handy refill kits replace consumables so you can make the most of your time teaching science.



FOSS *Investigations Guides* include a streamlined Quick Start Guide for each part of every investigation that highlights exactly what needs to be printed, set up, or prepared in advance of the lesson.

New equipment options for middle schools

We listened to middle school teachers from across the country when developing FOSS Next Generation Middle School and now offer greater flexibility in equipping your FOSS classroom or lab. **Ask your Regional Sales Manager** which equipment option is the best fit for you.

	FULL KIT	LITE KIT
Consumable items (refill kits available)	X	Х
Unique, program-specific permanent items	X	Х
Common science lab items (beakers, graduated cylinders, etc.) or items found in multiple FOSS courses	x	

"I've seen a really big difference in student engagement using the FOSS program, especially in terms of classroom discussion. Kids are willing to raise their hands and share ideas. They seem a lot more comfortable in giving an answer, versus only giving an answer if it's correct."

Amee T., 6th Grade Teacher

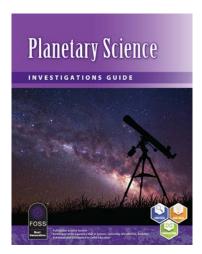
Jordan School District, Utah



Planetary Science

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, EARTH SCIENCE

Students develop a thorough understanding of the local cosmos — including the organization of the solar system and day/night/seasons—before turning their study to the top planetary science headlines of our times, in particular, the hunt for exoplanets. In a capstone project that completes students' middle school science careers, students use satellite images to analyze changes to Earth's systems and draw conclusions about human impact upon Earth's systems.



Course Driving Question:

What is my cosmic address?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

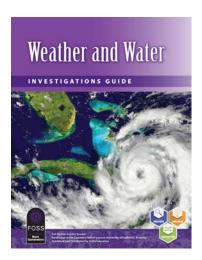
Students engage with the anchor phenomenon of Earth, an object in space, to explain day, night, seasons, solar system formation, and human impact to Earth's systems.

<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 6.1.1 • 6.1.2 • 6.1.3

Weather and Water

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, EARTH SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

Students explore physical science processes to explain earth science phenomena. They learn about atoms and molecules, density, wind, and energy transfer and then investigate phase change, the water cycle, ocean currents, climate change, and meteorology.



Course Driving Question:

What makes weather happen?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

Students engage with the anchor phenomenon of observable local weather conditions to make sense of why weather changes and explore climate patterns.

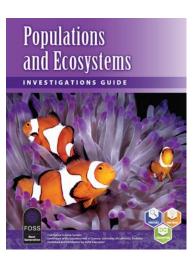
SEEd Standards:

6.2.1 • 6.2.2 • 6.2.3 • 6.2.4 • 6.3.1 • 6.3.2 • 6.3.3 • 6.3.4

Populations and Ecosystems

EARTH SCIENCE, LIFE SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

Students learn that every organism has a role to play in its ecosystem. To understand how ecosystems work and what they need to remain healthy, students explore how changes to one part of the ecosystem affect others by studying ecosystem interactions of matter and energy.



Course Driving Question:

How do organisms, matter, and energy interact in an ecosystem?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

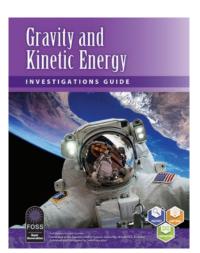
Students engage with the anchor phenomenon of population dynamics within ecosystems by studying matter and energy flow and addressing a student-chosen ecological issue.

<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 6.4.1 • 6.4.2 • 6.4.3 • 6.4.4 • 6.4.5

Gravity and Kinetic Energy

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

Students explore speed, acceleration, gravity, and collision physics. They explore how the force of gravity is related to the mass of objects and distance between them, and how this relates to gravity on various celestial objects. They learn Newton's laws and engage in an engineering challenge to design a helmet that will provide protection during impact.



Course Driving Question:

How can we explain the motion of objects?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

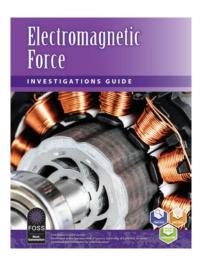
Students explore the anchor phenomena of falling objects and collisions to understand energy and forces, including gravity.

<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 7.1.2 • 7.1.5

Electromagnetic Force

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, EARTH SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

Students begin to explore the concept of force. They measure the force of invisible magnetic fields, learn to build a circuit, design an electromagnet, and explain the energy transfers that make it all possible. They consider energy sources for human use and limitations of renewable and nonrenewable resources.



Course Driving Question:

What is the relationship between magnetic and electric forces?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

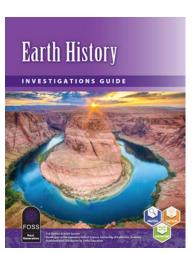
Students engage with the anchor phenomena of magnetic and electric forces by exploring their interactions and effects.

<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 7.1.1 • 7.1.3 • 7.1.4

Earth History

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, EARTH SCIENCE, LIFE SCIENCE

Students read evidence from rock, landforms, and fossils. They grapple with Earth's processes and systems that have operated over geologic time to understand the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process. They consider human interactions with natural resources and the technology that supports the geosciences.



Course Driving Question:

What do we need to know to tell the geologic story of a place?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

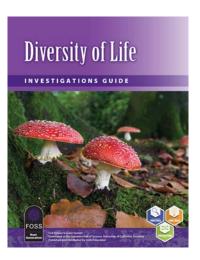
Students engage with the anchor phenomenon of the Grand Canyon by exploring the Earth processes that make up the rock cycle and using their knowledge to tell Earth's geologic story.

<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 7.2.1 • 7.2.2 • 7.2.3 • 7.2.4 7.2.5 • 7.2.6

Diversity of Life

LIFE SCIENCE

Students discover that all living things share the same basic characteristics, that all organisms are composed of cells, and that a single cell is the fundamental unit of life. Students then explore the relationship of organisms to their environment, and explore the concept of biodiversity.



Course Driving Question:

How do you know something is living?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

Students engage with the anchor phenomenon of life on Earth to consider what it means to be alive.

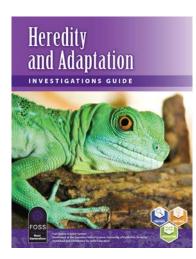
<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 7.3.1 • 7.3.2 • 7.3.3 • 7.4.1 • 7.4.2

(continued)

Heredity and Adaptation

EARTH SCIENCE. LIFE SCIENCE

Students explore evidence for evolution, including the fossil record, the similarities between past and present organisms, the genetic principles of inheritance, and how natural selection produces adaptations that lead to changes in species and eventually the creation of new species.



Course Driving Question:

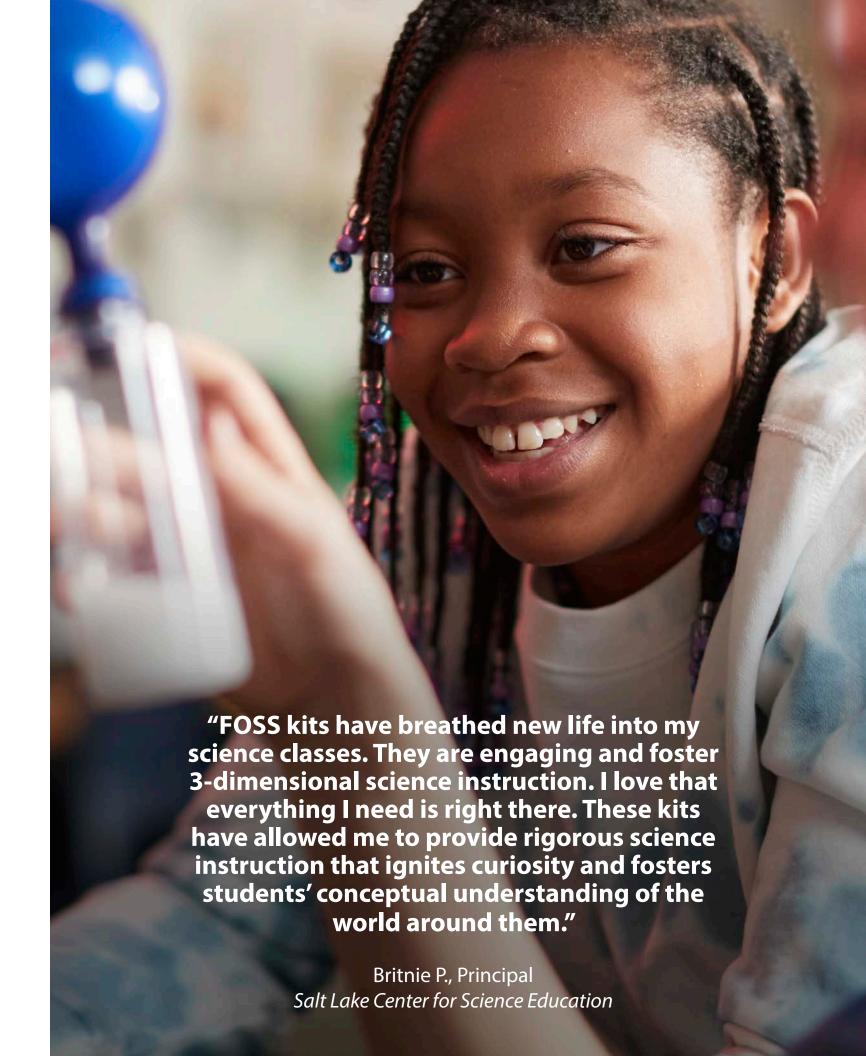
How can we explain the diversity of life that has lived on Earth?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

Students search for evidence that explains the anchor phenomenon of biodiversity on Earth.

SEEd Standards:

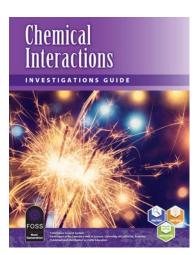
7.4.3 • 7.1.4 • 7.5.1 • 7.5.2 • 7.5.3 • 7.5.4



Chemical Interactions

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, EARTH SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

Students conduct experiments to observe macroscopic matter transformations and apply kinetic particle theory to explain those transformations at the atomic level. They explore conservation of energy and matter and use those principles to explain phase change and chemical reactions.



Course Driving Question:

How does matter interact?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

Students search for evidence that explains the anchor phenomenon of biodiversity on Earth.

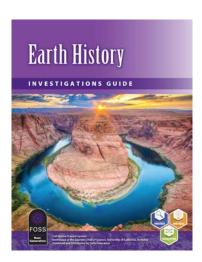
SEEd Standards:

8.1.1 • 8.1.2 • 8.1.3 • 8.1.4 8.1.5 • 8.1.6 • 8.1.7

Earth History

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, EARTH SCIENCE, LIFE SCIENCE

Students read evidence from rock, landforms, and fossils. They grapple with Earth's processes and systems that have operated over geologic time to understand the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process. They consider human interactions with natural resources and the technology that supports the geosciences.



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What do we need to know to tell the geologic story of a place?

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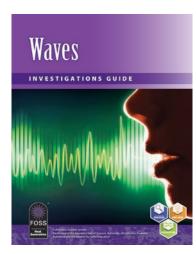
Students engage with the anchor phenomenon of the Grand Canyon by exploring the Earth processes that make up the rock cycle and using their knowledge to tell Earth's geologic story.

<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 8.4.1 • 8.4.2 • 8.4.3

Waves

PHYSICAL SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

Students learn about mechanical and electromagnetic waves. They manipulate springs and lasers to determine properties of waves that are eventually used to explain how their cell phones and other modes of modern communications work. They create designs that affect transmission of sound waves in an engineering challenge.



Course Driving Question:

How is energy transferred through waves?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

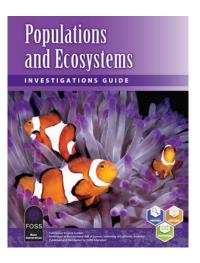
Students engage with the anchor phenomenon of energy transfer by waves to explain mechanical waves, electromagnetic waves, and communication technology.

<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 8.2.4 • 8.2.5 • 8.2.6

Populations and Ecosystems

EARTH SCIENCE, LIFE SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

SStudents learn that every organism has a role to play in its ecosystem. To understand how ecosystems work and what they need to remain healthy, students explore how changes to one part of the ecosystem affect others by studying ecosystem interactions of matter and energy.



Course Driving Question:

How do organisms, matter, and energy interact in an ecosystem?

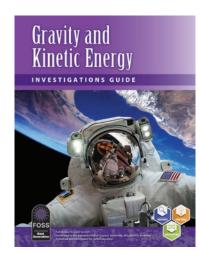
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<u>SEEd Standards:</u> 8.3.1 • 8.3.2 • 8.3.3

Gravity and Kinetic Energy PHYSICAL SCIENCE, ENGINEERING

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Course Driving Question:

How can we explain the motion of objects?

Preview of Phenomena Investigated:

Students explore the anchor phenomena of falling objects and collisions to understand energy and forces, including gravity.

SEEd Standards: 8.2.1 • 8.2.2 • 8.2.3



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Your partners in supporting quality science education.

At School Specialty, providing science curriculum is our specialty, every day of every year. We'll be right there with you, from purchase through implementation and ongoing annual professional development. Our team is supported by experienced FOSS consultants and by the program authors themselves at the Lawrence Hall of Science. We go beyond the ordinary to ensure that you have all you need to ignite your students' curiosity. With decades of combined FOSS experience, we stand ready to support your success.

Discover science for today & tomorrow.

Recommended 6-8 Scope and Sequence for Utah SEEd Standards and Correlations At-A-Glance

GRADE	PHYSICAL, EARTH, AND LIFE SCIENCES							
6	Weather and Water 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.3 6.3.4		Populations and Ecosystems 6.4.1 6.4.2 6.4.3 6.4.4 6.4.5			Planetary Science 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3		
7	Electromagnetic Force 7.1.1 7.1.3 7.1.4	Gravity Kinetic E 7.1.2	Energy	Diversity of Life 7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.3 7.4.1 7.4.2	7.	Heredity and Adaptation .4.3 7.1.4 7.5.1 5.2 7.5.3 7.5.4	Earth History 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6	
8	Chemical Interactions 8.1.1 8.1.2 8.1.3 8.1.4 8.1.5 8.1.6 8.1.7	Gravity and Kinetic Energy 8.2.1 8.2.2 8.2.		<u>Waves</u> 8.2.4 8.2.5 8.2.6		opulations and Ecosystems 3.1 8.3.2 8.3.3	Earth History 8.4.1 8.4.2 8.4.3	

Learn more.

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